

1.1 Senator moves to amend the delete-everything amendment (SCS3560A-4)
1.2 to S.F. No. 3560 as follows:

1.3 Page 1, after line 22, insert:

1.4 "Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 152.29, subdivision 1, is amended
1.5 to read:

1.6 Subdivision 1. **Manufacturer; requirements.** (a) A manufacturer ~~shall~~ may operate
1.7 eight distribution facilities, which may include the manufacturer's single location for
1.8 cultivation, harvesting, manufacturing, packaging, and processing but is not required to
1.9 include that location. The commissioner shall designate the geographical service areas to
1.10 be served by each manufacturer based on geographical need throughout the state to improve
1.11 patient access. A manufacturer shall not have more than two distribution facilities in each
1.12 geographical service area assigned to the manufacturer by the commissioner. A manufacturer
1.13 shall operate only one location where all cultivation, harvesting, manufacturing, packaging,
1.14 and processing of medical cannabis shall be conducted. This location may be one of the
1.15 manufacturer's distribution facility sites. The additional distribution facilities may dispense
1.16 medical cannabis and medical cannabis products but may not contain any medical cannabis
1.17 in a form other than those forms allowed under section 152.22, subdivision 6, and the
1.18 manufacturer shall not conduct any cultivation, harvesting, manufacturing, packaging, or
1.19 processing at the other distribution facility sites. Any distribution facility operated by the
1.20 manufacturer is subject to all of the requirements applying to the manufacturer under sections
1.21 152.22 to 152.37, including, but not limited to, security and distribution requirements.

1.22 (b) A manufacturer may acquire hemp grown in this state from a hemp grower. A
1.23 manufacturer may manufacture or process hemp into an allowable form of medical cannabis
1.24 under section 152.22, subdivision 6. Hemp acquired by a manufacturer under this paragraph
1.25 is subject to the same quality control program, security and testing requirements, and other
1.26 requirements that apply to medical cannabis under sections 152.22 to 152.37 and Minnesota
1.27 Rules, chapter 4770.

1.28 (c) A medical cannabis manufacturer shall contract with a laboratory approved by the
1.29 commissioner, subject to any additional requirements set by the commissioner, for purposes
1.30 of testing medical cannabis manufactured or hemp acquired by the medical cannabis
1.31 manufacturer as to content, contamination, and consistency to verify the medical cannabis
1.32 meets the requirements of section 152.22, subdivision 6. The cost of laboratory testing shall
1.33 be paid by the manufacturer.

1.34 (d) The operating documents of a manufacturer must include:

2.1 (1) procedures for the oversight of the manufacturer and procedures to ensure accurate
2.2 record keeping;

2.3 (2) procedures for the implementation of appropriate security measures to deter and
2.4 prevent the theft of medical cannabis and unauthorized entrance into areas containing medical
2.5 cannabis; and

2.6 (3) procedures for the delivery and transportation of hemp between hemp growers and
2.7 manufacturers.

2.8 (e) A manufacturer shall implement security requirements, including requirements for
2.9 the delivery and transportation of hemp, protection of each location by a fully operational
2.10 security alarm system, facility access controls, perimeter intrusion detection systems, and
2.11 a personnel identification system.

2.12 (f) A manufacturer shall not share office space with, refer patients to a health care
2.13 practitioner, or have any financial relationship with a health care practitioner.

2.14 (g) A manufacturer shall not permit any person to consume medical cannabis on the
2.15 property of the manufacturer.

2.16 (h) A manufacturer is subject to reasonable inspection by the commissioner.

2.17 (i) For purposes of sections 152.22 to 152.37, a medical cannabis manufacturer is not
2.18 subject to the Board of Pharmacy licensure or regulatory requirements under chapter 151.

2.19 (j) A medical cannabis manufacturer may not employ any person who is under 21 years
2.20 of age or who has been convicted of a disqualifying felony offense. An employee of a
2.21 medical cannabis manufacturer must submit a completed criminal history records check
2.22 consent form, a full set of classifiable fingerprints, and the required fees for submission to
2.23 the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension before an employee may begin working with the
2.24 manufacturer. The bureau must conduct a Minnesota criminal history records check and
2.25 the superintendent is authorized to exchange the fingerprints with the Federal Bureau of
2.26 Investigation to obtain the applicant's national criminal history record information. The
2.27 bureau shall return the results of the Minnesota and federal criminal history records checks
2.28 to the commissioner.

2.29 (k) A manufacturer may not operate in any location, whether for distribution or
2.30 cultivation, harvesting, manufacturing, packaging, or processing, within 1,000 feet of a
2.31 public or private school existing before the date of the manufacturer's registration with the
2.32 commissioner.

3.1 (l) A manufacturer shall comply with reasonable restrictions set by the commissioner
3.2 relating to signage, marketing, display, and advertising of medical cannabis.

3.3 (m) Before a manufacturer acquires hemp from a hemp grower, the manufacturer must
3.4 verify that the hemp grower has a valid license issued by the commissioner of agriculture
3.5 under chapter 18K.

3.6 (n) Until a state-centralized, seed-to-sale system is implemented that can track a specific
3.7 medical cannabis plant from cultivation through testing and point of sale, the commissioner
3.8 shall conduct at least one unannounced inspection per year of each manufacturer that includes
3.9 inspection of:

3.10 (1) business operations;

3.11 (2) physical locations of the manufacturer's manufacturing facility and distribution
3.12 facilities;

3.13 (3) financial information and inventory documentation, including laboratory testing
3.14 results; and

3.15 (4) physical and electronic security alarm systems.

3.16 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.35, is amended to read:

3.17 **152.35 FEES; DEPOSIT OF REVENUE.**

3.18 (a) The commissioner shall collect an enrollment fee of \$200 from patients enrolled
3.19 under this section. If the patient ~~attests to~~ provides evidence of receiving Social Security
3.20 disability insurance (SSDI), Supplemental Security Insurance Income (SSI), veterans
3.21 disability, or railroad disability payments, or being enrolled in medical assistance or
3.22 MinnesotaCare, then the fee shall be \$50. For purposes of this section:

3.23 (1) a patient is considered to receive SSDI if the patient was receiving SSDI at the time
3.24 the patient was transitioned to retirement benefits by the United States Social Security
3.25 Administration; and

3.26 (2) veterans disability payments include VA dependency and indemnity compensation.

3.27 Unless a patient provides evidence of receiving payments from or participating in one of
3.28 the programs specifically listed in this paragraph, the commissioner of health must collect
3.29 the \$200 enrollment fee from a patient to enroll the patient in the registry program. The fees
3.30 shall be payable annually and are due on the anniversary date of the patient's enrollment.
3.31 The fee amount shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the state government
3.32 special revenue fund.

4.1 (b) The commissioner shall collect an application fee of \$20,000 from each entity
4.2 submitting an application for registration as a medical cannabis manufacturer. Revenue
4.3 from the fee shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the state government
4.4 special revenue fund.

4.5 (c) The commissioner shall establish and collect an annual fee from a medical cannabis
4.6 manufacturer equal to the cost of regulating and inspecting the manufacturer in that year.
4.7 Revenue from the fee amount shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the
4.8 state government special revenue fund.

4.9 (d) A medical cannabis manufacturer may charge patients enrolled in the registry program
4.10 a reasonable fee for costs associated with the operations of the manufacturer. The
4.11 manufacturer may establish a sliding scale of patient fees based upon a patient's household
4.12 income and may accept private donations to reduce patient fees."

4.13 Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references